BOURCHIER AND HIGGINS
Real Estate Brokers.

Victoria Daily Times.

BOURCHIER AND HIGGINS
Real Estate Brokers.

Vol. 11.—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1889. No. 112

MERCHANT TAILORS.

BOYS'

CLUMS

CLOTHS

—: ALL SIZES. :—

WARRANTED WATERPROOF

JUST RECEIVED.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS

35 JOHNSON ST.

Go To

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS

FOR A STYLISH SUIT. oct15

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

R. J. MATTHEWS,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Has received a splendid new stock of Tweeds, Chinchillas, and other goods

FINE ASSORTMENT OF PANTINGS.

Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Business and Dress Suits made on shortest notice. All work guaranteed as fit and workmanship.

NO. 101 DOUGLAS STREET, VICTORIA

SAFES.

Buy the celebrated Goldie & McCulloch

SAFES AND VAULT DOORS

ROBT JAMIESON, Agent, Next door to the Postoffice

MRS. ABBOTT,

Late of San Francisco.

DRESS-MAKING ROOMS,

75 BLANCHARD STREET.

The only glove-fitting system used. Satisfaction guaranteed. sep23-1m

WORTH KNOWING WHERE TO BUY CHEAPEST!

W. & J. WILSON

ARE SELLING THEIR SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF

SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, UNDERWEAR,

Waterproofs and Boys' Clothing, Etc., Etc.,

AT BEDROCK PRICES

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Governor-General's Reception.

WILL THE GENTLEMEN whose names are first mentioned on the various sub-committees to arrange matters in connection with the reception to Lord Stanley kindly call their respective committees together for the transaction of business at the earliest date possible.

W. J. DOWLER, Hon. Sec.

City Hall, Oct. 9th, 1889. oct9

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

A GRAND CONCERT

Will be held on

Tuesday next, Oct. 22nd, 1889

In aid of the funds of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, Commencing at 8 o'clock, p.m.

The following ladies and gentlemen have kindly volunteered their services on the occasion:

Mrs. McNaughton Jones	Mr. T. Floyd, R.N.
Mrs. Hamilton	Mr. Boyle, R.N.
Miss Bodington	Mr. Deacon, R.N.
Miss Mount	Mr. Reed, R.N.
Miss Mathews	Mr. Trevlohan, R.N.
Lieut. Chads, R.N.	Mr. Purches, R.N.

The Band of H.M.S. Swiftsure

By special permission, have also volunteered their services.

Reserved seats at Waitt's book store. Government street. Admission: Parquette, 50 cents; Dress Circle, front row, $1; remainder of Dress Circle, 75 cents; Gallery, 25 cents; Boxes $2 and $5. oct16

VICTORIA THEATRE

3 NIGHTS —AND— SATURDAY MATINEE. 3

Commencing

Thursday, Oct. 17

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's great play.

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY

Seats on sale at Waitt's. oct12

TENDERS

ARE INVITED TILL 12 O'CLOCK NOON ON Friday, the 18th inst., for the erection of a cottage residence on Beacon Hill for H. J. Scott, Esq.

Plans and specifications may be seen at my office between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 4 p.m.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. RIDGWAY WILSON. Architect.

oct14

TENDERS FOR REFRESHMENTS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, 21st October, for furnishing refreshments (other than liquors) at the Victoria Driving Park, during the races on the occasion of the Governor-General's visit, on the 2nd and 4th November next. D. E. CAMPBELL, Sec'y.

oct15

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS REMOVED to the new brick block adjoining the Poodle Dog Hotel, and almost opposite former stand.

oct9 JOHN TEAGUE, Jr.,

LOST.

LOST.—A light liver colored Setter Pup, about 4 months old. Tips of toes white, and also breast. Wears a collar and tag. A liberal reward will be paid to the person leaving the same at 137 Cormorant street. oct14-1w

WANTED.

WANTED.—A first-class finisher on waists. Also a smart girl for an apprentice, at once. Apply at Miss McLeod's dressmaking parlors, Craft's Block, Douglas street. oct16-3t

WANTED.—Two good skirt hands, one waist finisher, one apprentice to learn the dress making trade thoroughly. Apply at 78 Blanchard street. oct10-tf

WANTED—A young girl about 14 to assist with baby. Apply at 152 Douglas St. oct10-1w

WANTED.—Cabinet Makers and Machine Hands. Apply to John Weller, Fort street. oct9-tf

WANTED.—A Girl, or middle-aged woman, as general servant in a small family. Apply to Mrs. Astrico, 252 Yates st. oct9-1w

SITUATION WANTED.—An elderly woman wishes a situation in a small family. Is good with children. Apply 129 Quadra street. oct9-1w

WANTED.—A Saleswoman wishes a position to take charge of the Millinery and Mantle Department. 20 years experience in the various branches of Dry Goods. Address, E. J., 61 Second Street, Victoria, B.C. oct5-2w

WANTED.—A girl about fourteen years of age (14), to look after one child. Apply to Mrs. Bailey, Esquimalt road. sep30

WANTED.—A girl to do light work in a small family. Apply to 71 Kingston St., James Bay. sep30

WANTED.—Good plain cook in a small family where housemaid is kept. Highest wages. Apply by letter, "A," P. O. Box 64, City. Oct4

Oct-1

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—A Yoke of Oxen. Apply to Rot

FOR SALE.—Lots B and C, block D, subdivision of Suburban Lot XXIII, Esquimalt town. Price $700. For further information apply to T. TIMES office. sept8

TO LET.

TO LET.—A furnished front bay window room, with grate and closet. Use of bath. Address A., TIMES office. sept18tf

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—The building known as the Skating Rink, on Yates street. For further particulars apply at No. 24 Johnson st. ly19

COMMENTS AND NOTES

Politics and Boulangism in France—The Present System of Voting.

Profits in French Politics—Recent Election in Sleaford, Lincolnshire.

The French elections, which took place last Sunday, the 22nd of September, were conducted everywhere with calmness and order. There was a remarkable absence of anything approaching to that excitement which has so frequently accompanied the expression of the people's will in national and political crises, and has caused it to be regarded as somewhat unstable by critical and cool bystanders. The results of the elections, so far as they are known, are favorable to a continuance of the present constitution. Revision, which was the war cry of that heterogeneous party which, from varied motives, allied itself with Boulanger, the popular "brav' general," has been negatived, and Republicanism in the shape of parliamentary government has been affirmed.

The legal term of existence for the Chamber of Deputies is four years, but it can be dissolved at will by the President. The last Chamber was prolonged to within a few weeks of its legal duration, for the Republican party in power dreaded to "put their fortune to the touch," and postponed the appeal to the people as long as possible. In other and legitimate ways they also protected themselves. The system of voting known as *scrutin de liste* was abolished and *scrutin d'arrondissement*, according to which each deputy is chosen and voted for by the district he is to represent, was substituted for it. Under the former system all the members for a whole department or county were selected and voted for *en masse* by the departments. Another important change in the electoral system has been the prohibition of multiplicate candidatures. Hitherto there has been nothing to prevent a man from coming forward as a candidate in as many places as he could get a nomination for, and it was in that way that Boulanger was thrust into prominence and notoriety by his supporters and made to appear as the idol of the nation and as the chosen representative of a large proportion of the people. According to the new law a candidate may only accept one nomination, and he has to make a written declaration beforehand stating the district he intends to contest. This new regulation is likely to prove a stumbling block in the way of aspiring Napoleonic dictators who hope to hold imperial power not, as in former days, by virtue of divine right and inheritance, but at the hands of the people. Boulanger himself would not venture to combat the principles of revolution, namely, that government must be by the people and for the people. The acknowledgment of those principles has been gained by terrible sufferings and they have blazed forth in such bloodshed and carnage that the whole civilized world has been awed. They must remain dominant. It is only the form in which they are expressed that can be altered. In revising the constitution it is parliamentery government that Boulanger proposes to abolish. The single personal power that he would substitute for it would be still subject to the will of the people as ascertained by occasional *plebiscites*.

The pursuit of politics as a profession offers a fairly good career in France. A deputy receives, first of all, a salary of nearly $2,000. Then he travels at the expense of his country, and enjoys many other privileges among which, perhaps, not the least highly considered is free admission to those theatres which are under the partial control of the state. It is therefore not surprising that the number of candidates who offer themselves for nomination is occasionally embarrassing, and as according to French laws a successful candidate must have an absolute majority of the entire number of votes cast there are frequently a large number of constituencies where it is necessary to have a second ballot. This is the case this year, but it is not expected that the elections which are yet to take place on Oct. 5th, will materially alter the balance of parties as fixed by the elections of last Sunday. The republicans have gained somewhat in numbers; but their principal strength lies in the fact that the appeal to the people, so long the threatening weapon brandished before them by the reactionaries, has taken place, and they have been upheld and granted a fresh lease of power.

Boulanger has been returned by an immense majority in Montmartre, one of the Paris districts. Paris indeed is the principal stronghold of the disaffected of all classes and nearly half of the voters have recorded themselves as opposed to the present form of Republicanism. Boulanger is still an exile in London and as his party has been defeated his election will probably be invalidated and he will remain in seclusion. Had, however, his friends been successful the late judgment of the Senate would have been at once reversed, and the declaration of his valid election would have followed as a matter of course. Boulanger's party is composed of very heterogeneous elements and has been used as a stepping stone for very conflicting aims. It has been joined, for very different purposes, by the clergy, by the Orleanists, and by the Bonapartists, and has in fact been a focus for every kind of discontent. It remains to be seen whether the Republic will have sufficient tact and ability to break up the formidable union and conciliate some branches of it. The Imperialists and Monarchists are less opposed to parliamentary government than General Boulanger. They would be contented, for instance, with a limited authority, or in other words with a hereditary and constitutional sort of presidency. They would only differ with regard to the family from which that hereditary chief should be selected. Boulanger, on the contrary, has no family pretensions to put forward. His merits are purely intrinsic, and his individuality is consequently more pronounced. His one claim to supremacy would be the declared will of the people, and therefore, to that will alone, as expressed by occasional *plebiscites* and not through intermediate parliaments, he would consent to bow his own.

The result of the election is hailed with general satisfaction throughout Europe and is accepted as a guarantee for the prolonged peace of the continent. The defeat of the Boulangists has removed a load of anxiety from the minds of continental statesmen and the general feeling of relief is great.

Nearer home the contest in Sleaford, one of the districts in Lincolnshire, has been watched with great interest. The election was rendered necessary by the acceptance by Mr. Chaplin of the post of minister of agriculture, an office which was created during the recent parliamentary session. Sleaford is the center of a large wheat growing district, and the popularity of Mr. Chaplin both as a land owner in the county and as an ardent advocate of protection made his re-election almost a foregone conclusion in an agricultural constituency. Nevertheless the Gladstonians made a courageous fight and the results will doubtless be disappointing to them. Mr. Chaplin has been returned by a large majority of 1306, which is an increase of seven since the last contested election in 1885, when his majority was 1301. In 1886 he was returned unopposed. But though the balance of registered opinion remains, or nearly, the same, there have been altogether about 800 fewer votes recorded in spite of the active canvassing of both sides, and for this it is difficult to find an explanation. Now that Mr. Chaplin has a seat in the cabinet there will probably not be much more heard of his protective policy. Fidelity to his colleagues will insure his discreet silence in the house and may even temper his speeches to his constituents, although a judicious and explanatory effusiveness toward them might be pardoned. SPECTATOR.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Bush Receives an Answer—The Wrestling Match, &c.

Bert Meyers, the Peoria champion bicyclist, has made a mile on a country road in 2:13, the fastest on record.

ANSWER TO BUSH.

An answer has been received from Alex. McLean, of Pitt River, to Bush's challenge for an outrigged skiff race for $100. McLean is willing to pull a three mile race either in Esquimalt or Victoria harbor within two weeks, Bush to name date, allowing McLean three days to practice on the course chosen. McLean says that he wants the race rowed in two boats, the Pleasure and Pastime of Vancouver. Bush says that this would give McLean the advantage, as both are twenty feet boats, and he, Bush, is familiar with an eighteen footer. Probably this will be arranged.

ANSLOCK TO RACE.

Two strong men of the city, Quinn the wrestler and McKay, a well-known athlete, are anxious to get a double scull race with Paine and Bush. They might find the race was not to the strong.

HOSE CONTESTS.

Would it not be a good feature of the Lord Stanley reception to offer a prize for a local hose contest? There are three hose companies in the city and the contest would be a lively one.

CAMERON-M'LEOD MATCH.

The second deposit of $400 a side was made late last night on the Cameron-McLeod wrestling match. The only hitch now in the arrangements for a match is the selection of a referee. The Olympic Club of San Francisco refuses to send a referee on the ground that they do not recognize or identify themselves with anything outside of their own city and well-known men in this city, who have been asked to act, do not care to do so because they do not understand the rules governing the contest. When a referee has been selected the men will begin training. The match comes off within four weeks.

IMPORTANT SALE.

The Famous Sealing Schooner Black Diamond Changes Hands.

The celebrated sealer, Black Diamond, about which so much has been said and written, to-day changed hands, her owner, Mr. Morris Moss, having sold her to Messrs. Penny & Brown, a couple of English capitalists. The price obtained has not been made public, but rumor has it that $5000 was the amount.

Beside the schooner Messrs. Penny & Brown have bought all the gear connected with the fishing station on Queen Charlotte Islands, and intend to prosecute the fishing industry for all it is worth. Their large capital will enable them to do this in a thorough manner. It is also the intention of the firm to proceed to locate a store or station at the islands, where all sorts of 'gear for the use of sealers will be sold, thus making it unnecessary for the fleet to return to this port to fit out for the northern cruise.

The Black Diamond, under command of Capt. H. Smith, will leave here on Monday with her new owners on board and will proceed to the fishing station at the islands where an account of stock will be taken.

PROVINCIAL POLICE COURT.

(Before Robt. Ward, and A. J. Langley, J. P.'s.)

Capt. Henry Lambert, of the bark Tythonus, was charged with assaulting one John Coleman on the high seas. The accused pleaded not guilty. Mr. F. G. Walker for the complainant, Mr. H. D. Helmcken for the defence.

Evidence was taken and the case was dismissed, complainant to pay costs.

Where They Will Winter.

The

In days like these the maiden fair
Puts on a heavy dress,
And goeth forth to take the air
And gather leaves to press.
Although she calls this splendid fun—
The charming little elf—
How would she feel—the cruel one
If she were pressed, herself?

are going south.

DELMONICO

Restaurant and Oyster Parlor,

109 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

MR. H. R. RENDAL HAS JUST COMPLETED the freezing and decorating, and the seating capacity has been enlarged so as to accommodate 200 people, making it the largest and handsomest on the Pacific coast. Private entrance and dining rooms for ladies.

Eastern Oysters a Specialty.

arriving by every steamer. Private dinners and parties furnished on short notice, all over the city.

E. E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

oct8-1m

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY

—BY—

Frances Hodgson Burnett,

—AT—

PRICE 25 CENTS

JAMIESON'S

Next Door to the Postoffice.

oct12

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Samoan Trouble—Possibility that it is Not Ended—Queen Natalie.

Canadian Pacific Stock Goes Still Another Point Higher Boulanger.

Berlin, Oct. 17.—It is reported that should Mataafa be elected king of Samoa, Germany will protest with the firm conviction that England will back up her protest.

THE PRESSMEN.

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—The delegation who waited on Sir Hector Langevin to-day received the answer that better accommodation and better ventilation would be given pressmen during the session. The printers who were discharged from the bureau will get half pay until they are re-appointed.

NATALIE DETERMINED.

Belgrade, Oct. 17.—Official notice has been given to ex Queen Natalie in the name of the Regents that if she does not accept the conditions which have been proposed to her as to her relations with her son, King Alexander, she will not be allowed to see him again. As she has declared she will never accept these conditions, fresh complications are anticipated.

C. P. R. WAY UP.

London, Oct. 17.—In the market today Canadian Pacific advanced to 71½ from 70 at the opening and holds the price firm.

BOULANGER'S ADHERENTS.

Paris, Oct. 17.—M. Naquet has gone to the Isle of Jersey to deliver to General Boulanger the address of the national committee of the patriotic league, signifying their continued loyalty to the General's cause.

It is commonly believed M. Floquet will be nominated president of the next Chamber of Deputies.

STEAMER WRECKED.

London, Oct. 17.—The steamer Malta, belonging to the Cunard steamship company, with eighteen passengers board on a pleasure trip to Italy, went ashore at St. Just, near Land's End, during a fog. The sea is smooth, but the vessel lies in a bad position. She will probably be a total wreck. All passengers were landed safely and the crew, except one stoker, who was drowned. The Malta is a brig-rigged, iron screw steamer, built at Glasgow in 1865.

A SEALER'S APPEAL.

The Captain of the Schooner Juanita Writes to the Times.

London, Oct. 17.—The master of the British sealing schooner Juanita, one of the vessels engaged in seal fisheries in Behring Sea, has written a letter to the *Times* from Victoria, B.C., in which he puts the affairs of England in that quarter of the globe in rather a lugubrious light. He appeals to the British public to move for what he regards as justice in Behring Sea dispute." He asserts that there is every probability that if the policy of the past four years be continued America will be able to make good her claim to this entire possession of the eastern half of Behring Sea. He thinks energetic action by the English is absolutely necessary to prevent Canadian fisheries being driven out of it.

A PRIEST ON TRIAL

Difficulty in Obtaining Jurors On a Murder Trial.

Dublin, Oct. 17.—The trial of Father McFadden and others for the killing of Inspector Morden in Gracelow county, Donegal, in January last, begun at Maybo to-day. The court room was packed when the selection of jurors began. Both counsel for the crown and prisoners exercised freely their prerogative of objecting to the presence of certain men in the jury box, and their alternate objections increased the excitement, already high, until every one in the room was under the influence of it. Several jurors protested against the objections raised by the crown counsel to their serving on the case, and the court finally adjourned without filling the jury box.

THE COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

The Work of Taking Out the Bodies Abandoned.

London, Oct. 16.—Search for the bodies of other victims of the colliery explosion to-day had to be abandoned as the fire-damp mad it impossible to proceed with the work. Fifty bodies have so far been taken out. No one has been identified, as the features in every case were so frightfully burned that recognition, even by those nearest and dearest, proved impossible. In most cases the clothing was completely burned off the bodies of the victims, and it is feared that but few of the fifty scorched bodies now lying in two rows on each side of the road a few feet from the mouth of the shaft will ever be identified by their wives and mothers whose wails for their dead are ringing out everywhere. It is certain there are ten more bodies in the mine, and it is rumored now that the number of men at work when the explosion occurred largely exceeded the figure given by the officials. The first report and sixty men all told were at the bottom of the shaft; but it is stated by some that the number will be much nearer 100. This statement is to some extent borne out by the fact that fifty bodies were recovered so quickly. The searchers say there are certainly more than ten victims still left at the foot of the shaft. An old man and his three sons, who were in the mine when the explosion occurred were lost, and when the news was brought to the old man's wife, another of the boys, and the only surviving member of the family, dropped dead almost without a word, the shock having killed him.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C.)

J. Charley, a young man of about 18 years of age and of a rather honest-looking appearance, was charged with having stolen a pair of pants belonging to a lodger in the Vancouver House. He pleaded that he had taken them, by mistake as they were of the same color as his own.

The facts of the case were stated, which showed that the pants had been taken and an old pair put in their place. The missing pair were found in a valise belonging to the prisoner. His honor took a merciful view of the case and discharged the prisoner.

Ah Chung was charged with an infraction of the building by-law by making alterations to a wooden building on Fisgard street. Through Mr. Chas. Wilson, counsel for the defence, a plea of not guilty was made. Evidence of Officer Redgrave and others was taken and the case was remanded until to-morrow.

LONGSHOREMEN'S GRIEVANCES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

DEAR SIR.—On the forenoon of Tuesday, if an observant citizen happened to take a walk along the water front towards James Bay, starting from abreast the bow of the ship Lebu, he would notice, if he stepped on board that ship and looked down the hatchway, a crowd of Siwashes at work stowing salmon. Let him then step ashore and continue his walk down, he would next observe another crowd trucking the freight of the Norcross on the wharf and by stepping on board and looking down the hatchway of her, there he would see a crowd of Chinamen at work. He steps ashore again and resumes his walk and the next thing he could not help seeing is a small steamboat with a load of coal or charcoal in sacks, being loaded by Siwashes. This is all the work he would observe going on at the time, and while all this is going on there are more than enough of white men to do the work, hovering around the wharf with nothing else to do but nurse their disappointed feelings. Surely the 'longshoremen of Victoria have plenty of reason for grief.

ONE OF THEM.

THE SEWERAGE PLANS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR.—I have noticed lately, through THE TIMES, considerable discussion on the Pickering & Compton plan of sewerage, of which a good deal has been brought forward, showing that the plan is likely to be very expensive, as well as not the best in a sanitary point of view. Such being the case, I would like, for my own information, as well as for others, why the city aldermen did not ask Mr. Chipman to prepare a full report with preliminary plans. I believe Mr. Chipman offered to do this at a very reasonable cost, and it would have certainly been of great advantage to our city aldermen, as well as to the ratepayers, to have such a plan so as one could the better judge of the best system to be adopted. If our aldermen had given Mr. Chipman the necessary data, plans and profiles, from which he could have given a general plan—with a report of the advantages and disadvantages of the various systems—it would have gone a long way to enlightening us on this much discussed question. The report presented in June by Mr. Chipman was very brief, but it contained many important points which went to show that the Pickering plan was defective. I think for the small cost to the city our aldermen should request Mr. Chipman to make a written statement, with full report and preliminary plans of a system which I am sure will be more modern and much improved, in a sanitary point of view, over those now before our citizens. The more the Pickering plan is looked into, the more expensive and unsanitary it becomes to any one who studies them. I hope before it is too late our city aldermen will be judicious enough to have another report made on the sewerage question, so that our city will not be involved in an impracticable scheme of sewerage, as well as a burden of debt likely to cripple our city for generations to come. CITIZEN.

THE STREET CAR ROUTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR.—In your issue of last evening, I noticed a letter on the subject of the proposed change of the electric tramway route, and signed "Victoria West." Now, sir, I would ask "Victoria West" how many shares of tramway stock he subscribed to, and why he is so eager for a change? It is a well known fact, sir, (I have it from several of the directors of the company) that people in Victoria West, with the exception of one or two enterprising gentlemen, would not subscribe to the stock, while many residing along upper Fort street responded liberally. I, as well as many other shareholders, was induced to subscribe on the express understanding that the line would go to the hospital, and furthermore, several of us, before investing in a piece of property in that vicinity, received assurance from the directors that the line would go there, and if the change a made we will be, to say the least, heavy losers. Can the directors and shareholders, in the face of this, countenance a change? Why, sir, it would place the company in bad odor at once. "Victoria West," in general, has no such claim upon the company, because it was never represented to them that the line would go out there at once, and therefore they are not losers as we will be if the change is made. "Victoria West" says that "he understands that the reason for the change is that there is no traffic whatever in the direction of Richmond Road, and the new route to Victoria West promises a large traffic." Mr. Editor, I trust "Victoria West" is speaking purely from sincere motives. If he is I wish to tell him that he is mistaken. Fort street is one of the best routes in town for traffic, and I know that several workingmen who by hard work saved a little of their earnings and bought lots on Cadboro Bay Road, intended to build as soon as the street cars were running out in that direction. "Victoria West" should have considered the evils that would arise from a change before advocating it, and also the expensive lawsuits the company is in danger of having brought against it by people who were induced to invest their money. I am satisfied in my own mind that the gentlemen who hold stock in the company will think of these important matters and weigh them well in their minds before they cast their votes to-morrow evening. UPPER FORT STREET.

VANCOUVER INVESTIGATION.

All Evidence In and the Case Adjourned.

On Tuesday all the charges against the chief and members having been heard and the case closed, Mr. Campbell, for the defence, asked to say a few words on several points of law. He contended that there was a technical distinction between "informant," who supplied the information, and the "informer or prosecutor," and that the chief, as the latter was perfectly entitled and the proper person under the Indian Act, to receive the moieties. Then, so far as the agreement was concerned between the police officers and the corporation, it only applied to moieties under the city bylaws and did not refer to the moieties under the Indian Act.

Mr. Hammersly, *per contra*, contended that the agreement was wide enough to embrace all manner of rewards or moieties, inasmuch as it read "and all other emoluments." It was framed to cover such cases, and that that was the interpretation of it in the chief's own mind was shown by the fact that he got John Clough to lay informations for him and paid him a small sum for it in order to avoid the spirit of the agreement. If not, why did he not lay the information himself and take the whole money himself?

Mr. Justice Drake then announced that he would submit his report to the council as soon as he had a copy of the stenographer's notes to attach to it. He then declared the Court adjourned *sine die*.

William's Cities Directory 1890. C $1.25 including street Directory of Victoria. A home publication. Office 98 Broad Street. tf

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES

"Handsome Harry" to Swing for the Murder of a Policeman —Loss of a Seaman.

A Train Plunges Into a Washout and is Wrecked—Names of Those Killed.

Washington, Oct. 17.—According to the President's present programme, a commissioner of pensions will be appointed before to-morrow evening. The general belief is that Poole, of New York will be appointed.

INDIANS AS VOTERS.

Washington, Oct. 16.—At the Interior Department it is thought that upwards of 20,000 Indians will be entitled to vote at the next presidential election. By recent acts of Congress every Indian over 21 years of age who receives an allotment of land in severalty, becomes a voter. A successful termination of the negotiations with the Sioux Indians next year will throw into the state 4,937 voters, and negotiations now in progress will soon make many more.

FATAL WRECK.

El Paso, Oct. 17.—A Texas & Pacific freight train, which left El Paso about 6 o'clock last evening in charge of Conductor Badgeley, was wrecked about sixty m les below this city. The train left Fort Hancock about 9 o'clock and when about six miles beyond this place plunged into a washout. The engine and many of the cars were piled in a promiscuous mess. Engineer Robert Bible, Fireman Charles Jones and Brakeman G. W. Mansfield were killed.

DROWNED.

San Francisco, Oct. 16.—The ship John McDonald, just arrived from New York, lost William Rose, a seaman 35 years of age, overboard on Aug. 11th.

TO SWING.

New York, Oct. 17.—"Handsome Harry" Carlton, the murderer of policeman Brennan, was sentenced to day to be hanged on December 5th.

MONTANA WENT DEMOCRATIC

And the U. S. Government Will Readjust her for Doing it.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The belief is general in Washington to-day that President Harrison was about to issue his proclamation, admitting the Dakotas and Washington to statehood and omitting Montana because of the inability of her territorial officers to certify the elections to the president as required by law. At the White House it was said that the proclamation, although it had been prepared at the State Department had not been laid before the president and that the delay is due to the contention in Montana. The president made no statement as to what he intended to do, but in official circles, the impression prevails that the proclamation will soon issue without Montana, unless the result of the elections there is very soon determined.

THE SQUAW-MEN MUST GO.

White People Not Eligible to Office in the Chickasaw Nation.

St. Louis, Oct. 17.—Latest advices from the Chickasaw Indian nation are that the legislature of that nation convened at Fort Fisheorning yesterday. The progressive party, composed of white members, say they will probably ignore the decision of the Cuickasaw supreme court disfranchising whites who have married squaws, and attempt to hold their seats. The members from Panola county informed a correspondent that they would hold their seats even if at the pistol's mouth.

The secretary of the interior has confirmed the decision of the Chickasaw supreme court, which eliminates whites as a political factor. Exciting times are looked for at the capital in case white members refuse to abdicate their seats, which they will be obl ged to do in the face of the decision of the supreme court backed up by the national government

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

News of the Dominion in Condensed Form.

Premier Mercier on Tuesday celebrated his 49th birthday.

The Toronto Varnish Works were burned yesterday. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $1000.

Thomas Sheppard, of East York, died Tuesday in his 83th year. He was one of the few remaining rebels of 1837.

John Charlton, M. P., one of the thirteen, has written Premier Greenway that he will be in Winnipeg on Nov. 8th.

Tax-Collector Lobb, brother of ex-Alderman Lobb, Toronto, shot himself at 3 o'clock on Wednesday. He died almost immediately.

A fire broke out in Cook's lumber yard at Serpent River, Ont., ninety miles from Sault Ste. Marie on Saturday, doing damage to the extent of $300,000.

Senator Hardisty, who died at the general hospital in Winnipeg last night, will be buried Saturday. Sir Donald Smith is expected from Montreal to attend the funeral.

Judge Falconbridge has given judgment in regard to the costs in the late Haldimand election case. The petitioner will bear the general cost of the petition and trial.

A comparatively newly-made bride of Kingston has, it is reported, eloped with a former lover. It is thought they have gone to Toronto. Interesting developments are expected.

Annie H. Killman, mistress of Otto S. Weeks, M. P. P., and who had the latter arrested on a charge of shooting at her, and subsequently swore in court that the previous information sworn to was false, has been found guilty of perjury.

The trial of Mrs. Sarah White and Arthur Hicks, accused of poisoning Joseph Hicks with Rough on Rats at Aylmer, last, began in Toronto yesterday. Mrs. White was a sister of the deceased.

The late Thomas Workman bequeathed $12,000 to McGill University. The money in part is to be expended by the Science Faculty in erecting a new building. A professor of mechanical engineering is to be appointed, a mechanical laboratory erected, and a course in electrical science added.

John Thomas Blondin, a school teacher of Alton settlement, township of Madoc, Ont., has been sent to the county jail on a charge of having criminally assaulted Lillie May Rollins, one of his pupils, 14 years of age. The accused is 21 years of age, and a son of highly respectable parents. He has been three years in charge of the school.

Apropos of the announcement that the C. P. R. proposes to put a fast mail train from Vancouver to St. John, N. B., to carry the China and Japan mail from the Pacific to the Atlantic in four days, Col. Wagner, Deputy Postmaster-General, says that the last train from the far east contained nearly four thousand letters for Europe, independent of a large Canadian and United States mail. This is considered a pretty good indication that the Siberian mail via Vladivostock is taking the Canadian route.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE DAILY TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY LEGAL AFTERNOON.

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Ld.,

At the Office of Publication, Yates Street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

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THE TIMES P. & P. CO., Ltd.,
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Wm. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

WELL BORING.

Owing to a broken piece of machinery, artesian well-boring operations have been indefinitely postponed. That well-boring operations should be suspended on the strength of a pretext so frivolous will strike some people with surprise. There is nothing extraordinary about it, however. Enterprise in the right direction is not one of the virtues of the oligarchy. Permeated with moss-backery to the core, and blindly sustained by a quartette of organs, equally as given over to fungus growth, the oligarchy, in defiance of public opinion, confines its operations to intrigue and demagogy. As affording samples of thick-witted, public policy this last summer has been suspicious. First, the Peace River land swap was sprung on the people. It never occurred to the sapient directors of public affairs that there was any easier way to correct the complications arising out of Dominion land ownership in this province than by swapping property, and only for the exertions of Mr. HIGGINS and THE TIMES this clumsy deal would have been carried into effect. Next, THEO, with saint-like candour, sprung his little Canadian Western Railway Act, and men travelled all the way from Vancouver and Port Townsend, (paying their own fares), to vote for him. Latterly Chinese cheap labor is occupying the attention of our local statesmen, and the chances are they are going to make it stick. In the collapse of well-boring, we have the logical sequel of the policy exemplified in the three jobs just specified, and hence nobody should be surprised that a piece of broken machinery should paralyse the Department of Lands and Works. When the history of this province comes to be written, we imagine that the impartial historian will have some difficulty in according to the present government its true political status. He will hesitate whether to classify it as an aggregation of stupids or as the quintessence of subtilities, in which it is hard to distinguish honest men from the knaves.

THE REASON WHY.

An exchange wants to know "whose fault it is that in such a country as a Canada, containing iron and coal in unlimited quantity, and these laying side by side, practically nothing has been done in iron or steel ship building." The question might be asked with equal pertinency why not establish a seal skin tannery at Montreal instead of sending the skins to England? The whole secret of the thing, as we see it, lies in the prestige which a successful and long-established business concern gathers to itself. It would be supposed that the proper place for cotton mills is in the Southern States, where cotton is raised; and likewise it would be supposed that Australia would be noted for its woollen goods. Nevertheless southern cotton goes to England and so does Australian wool, and will continue to do so for some years to come. So long as England is able to furnish ships and cotton and woollen goods at figures which, if not defying competition, only admit of a small margin of profit to American manufacturers, the grand object of capital in this country will be to develop what England has not. Capital, for the last quarter of a century, has found railroads to be more profitable than ships, and land speculation and stock raising more profitable than cotton mills. With these opportunities to make money, why enter into competition with England in her chosen field, and particularly since she is selling her goods within the reach of everybody? Manufactures, in the broadest sense of the word, do not anticipate demand. They are the result of it. There are no less than three ship yards on the Clyde, worth $100,000 each, and as many more worth $7,000,000 each. These immense plants are the slow accretions of years. As the demand increased the plants were enlarged to keep pace with it. Now the conditions which governed the development of the ship building trade on the Clyde are inseparable from the development of the ship-building industry on the St. Lawrence or the Bay of Fundy. Iron ship building cannot spring into existence all at once; it must be evolved. Ten millions is a good deal of money, and seven millions is not to be sneezed at, and capitalists will take a second thought before investing in costly ship building enterprises until the demand is vastly in excess of the ability of the Clyde builders to fulfil. Coal as cheap, iron as cheap, and labor as cheap as in England, still England has the advantage of experience, perfection of arrangement and prestige, and so it may be safely reckoned that for some time yet will all the advantages Canada offers John Bull will continue to "hold the fort."

CHINA HAS THE BEST OF IT

With regard to the rumor that the Chinese government intend, as a matter of retaliation, to expel American merchants and missionaries, which now number about a thousand, a Sacramento, California, paper under the caption, "China has the best of it," supplies the following statistical information:

"There are perhaps 200,000 Chinese in the United States, most of whom reside in California. In the mining era most of the Chinese engaged in mining, and beyond the cost of their meagre living the greater portion of their earnings was sent to China. There are no means of knowing the amount of gold and silver thus sent from this country. According to the report of the treasury department, during the year ending June 30, 1888, the total value of exports of coin and bullion to Hong Kong was $2,381,264. In 1873 there was the largest value of imports from China to this country, $27,-191,759; in 1886 there was the largest value of domestic exports from the United States to China, $11,562,661. In 1888 there was a decrease in the value of our exports to China over those of 1887 of $1,666,543. In 1887 a committee of the California State Senate, submitted an exhaustive report to the legislature on the subject of Chinese immigration, and that committee reported that from the returns from county assessors of property assessed to Chinese in the state at the then rate of taxation, if the whole tax were paid, the revenue the state would thus derive would not exceed $9600, and that while the Chinese population was more than one-sixth of the whole in the state, it paid less than one-four-hundredth part of the revenue required to support the state government. From figures verified by the committee as near as possible it appeared that up to that time the Chinese had earned in this state about $180,000,000, of which only a trifling percentage had spent here. In June, 1876, of 545 foreigners confined in the state prison 198 were Chinese, and the net cost to the state of keeping these Chinese prisoners was not less than $21,600 per annum—a sum very largely in excess of the whole amount of property tax collected from the Chinese population in the state. It will thus be seen that the balance sheet has been and is largely in favor of China. There have been no inducements that have attracted any considerable number of our people to China for business purposes, and it is not at all likely that a people deriving the advantages the Chinese do from us will take the initiative in creating our antagonism. The remarks made by Bishop Fowler at Chicago recently, to the effect that China would retaliate because of the excision of its people from our country, are manifestly absurd and may as well be ignored as the talk of a man who deals more in sentiment than in figures."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Sir EDWIN ARNOLD in his Harvard lecture, says that in India, with its 200,000,000 inhabitants, there never occurs a marriage of inclination, yet there are more happy marriages in India and more pure domestic relations than in any other part of the world. Is is because the women of the east are taught to believe that they are nobodies that they are so easily "bossed"? Sir EDWIN's lecture requires a few explanatory notes.

A general election for the Newfoundland legislature is to take place on the 6th of November. Sir WILLIAM WHITEWAY is leading the campaign against the THORBURN government, but the confederation question is not an issue, both parties disclaiming any idea of union with the Dominion. The bill prohibiting the sale of bait to French fishermen is becoming unpopular with the settlers on the western part of the island and some of the opposition candidates favor its repeal. The indications are that the present ministry will be sustained.

In 1856, when there was a good deal of excitement about the discovery of islands containig deposits of guano, the United States Congress enacted a law which provided that when any citizen of the Unites States discovered a deposit of guano on any island, rock, or sea, "not within the lawful jurisdiction of the government," and not occupied by the citizens of any other government, and took peaceable possession therof, that island might be regarded at the discretion of the President as appertaining to the United States. This extraordinary measure throws light upon the Behring sea qestion. Perhaps, after all, the United States Congress has a right to legislate for seas, islands, and countries beyond its jurisdiction.

The Americans are great advertisers. They have placed a Pullman train at the disposal of the pan-American congress, and the strangers are taking advantage of it by spying out the land. At every large city they visit they are waited on by the municipal authorities and business men and are invited to banquets where champagne flows galore. As the natural consequence of being wined and dined, sobriety is the exception and not the rule, and so when a pan-American congressman makes a speech he gushes over Uncle Sam. The other evening at the banquet at the Hotel Ircquois, Buffalo, the Congressman VARRAS, of Chili, proposed the following turgid sentiment: "A tribute of respect to the great, industrious, free people of the United States, the first in the world, first in peace, first in liberty, and first in the American fraternity that is to be." During the tumultuous cheers which followed Minister ZEGARRA, of Peru, (Chili's late foe) sprang from his seat and shook hands with VARRAS. Such breaks as these are the crystallizations of copious draughts of champagne, and the chances are if the Americans succeed in keeping the South Americans continually "gamed up" that they will be able to affect a combine which will sharpen competition between Brother Jonathan and J. B.

The Colonist still evades the Restriction Act question and attempts to arouse sectional prejudice by accusing us of imitating the Yankees in our crusade. Our contemporary also wants us to prove that the rumor is true. If the Colonist was a defendant in a case of breach of promise and the circumstantial evidence was as strong that it had trifled with the affections of "budding innocence" as it is that the repeal of the Restriction Act is in contemplation, the jury would find for the prosecution without leaving their seats. But the question is not whether the rumor is true or untrue, but what the Colonist proposes to do in case it is true. This is what we want to know, and our curiosity is seconded by a respectable number of electors. Whether unrestricted Chinese immigration is in the interest of the province or not, is no longer an open but a settled question, and public interests demand that the Colonist shall say how it stands affected to it. We presume that in case the rumor is true, and we should presume to demand of the Colonist a categorical answer as to its attitude, we should receive the reply now become infamously historical, "it is none of your business." We should suppose that the Colonist and its confederates would be aware that they cannot much longer play the role of equivocators without stultifying themselves beyond redemption.

THE SOURCE OF WRINKLES.

Most of Them Come from Laughing in an Incorrect Manner.

Dr. Pepperbrook says: The general impression about wrinkles is that they are caused by worry, but the truth is that most of them come from laughing. To know how to laugh is just as important as to know when to do it. If you laugh with the sides of your face the skin will work loose in time, and wrinkles will form in exact accordance with the kind of laugh you have. The man who always wears a smirk will have a series of semi-circular wsinkles covering his cheeks. A gambler, who is accustomed to suppressing his feelings, generally has a deep line running from each side of his nose to the upper corner of his mouth, which in course of time extends to the chin, forming the shape of a half-moon. A cadaverous person is usually marked with two wrinkles, one on the jaw and the other under the eye, meeting at right angles at the cheek bones. The scholar's wrinkles form on his brow, while the schemer's wrinkles come around his eyes, and look like spokes of a wheel.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—It would be a gross injustice to confound that standard healing agent—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—with the ordinary unguents, lotions and salves. They are oftentimes inflammatory and astringent. This oil is, on the contrary, eminently cooling and soothing when applied externally to relieve pain, and powerfully remedial when swallowed.

—Mrs. E. H. Perkins, Creek Centre, Warren county, N. Y., writes: "She has been troubled with asthma for four years, had to sit up night after night with it. She has taken two battles of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil and is perfectly cured. She strongly recommends it, and wishes to act in agent among her neighbors."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

FURNITURE

Of all descriptions

Will be sold for the next Thirty Days cheaper than ever before offered in Victoria, to make room for new importations now on the way.

Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings,

Etc., Etc.,

Will be disposed of likewise. Call and be convinced that this is a

Genuine Reduction Sale.

No trouble to show goods at

HASTIE & LOCKHART'S,

No. 62 Government St.

sep28

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

WE BEG TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC THAT we have no connection whatever with an agent or agents canvassing the city and vicinity soliciting contracts for photographs to be made sometime in the future. We are doing a straight-forward business first-class work at remunerative prices. We came to this city to stay; we do not intend to get money in advance and then leave the country. Our prices are $6 per dozen for cabinet photos. *Our Samples are our own work*, and we guarantee our pictures equal to our samples.

JONES BROS.,
Photographers.
oct12-3t Douglas street, Victoria.

CROGHAN & JONES,

FRUIT,

Poultry and Game Salesmen,

94 DOUGLAS STREET.

CROGHAN & JONES BEG TO RETURN thanks to the inhabitants of Victoria and surrounding districts for their kind patronage during the short time they have been in business, and hope by strict attention and reasonable prices to still merit a share of their custom. Thanking you for past favors, we remain,

Yours, etc.,
CROGHAN & JONES.

Fresh Butter, Poultry and Eggs daily. Game in season, always on hand. sep5

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE.

SIXTY DAYS AFTER DATE I INTEND TO make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate in Sayward district commencing at a post on the 50th parallel of north latitude, 15 miles west of Discovery Passage, thence west 3 miles; thence north 3½ miles; thence east 5½ miles, more or less, to the western boundary of Messrs. Ross & McLaren's timber lease; thence south ½ mile; thence west 1 mile; thence south 3 miles to the place of commencement. Containing 11,520 acres, more or less.

COL. SCOTT,
W. LADD,
L. CASEY,
J. KING,
M. KING.
sep10-2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tracts of land, situate on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte, and described as follows: The whole of Serra Island, situated between the mouths of the Honna River in Skidegate Inlet, containing 80 acres, more or less. Also a small island a short distance east of the outlet of the Honna River, containing 40 acres, more or less. Also 320 acres, more or less, at the mouth of the Honna River and described as follows: Commencing at a post on the shore at south-west corner of claim; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south to the shore, and along the shore to the point of commencement.

D. FREEMAN.
August 23rd, 1889. aug22-12th

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tracts of land, situate at Duncan Bay, Sayward district, described as follows:—

Tract No. 1.—Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 26; thence west 80 chains; thence south 75 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 75 chains to the place of commencement, containing 600 acres.

Tract No. 2.—Commencing at the southeast corner of Lot 26; thence east 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 40 chains to the place of commencement, containing 320 acres, more or less.

JAS. KING,
M. KING.
sep.11

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I, J. N. Lemmens, intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land situated in Quatsino district, Vancouver Island, commencing on the sea shore, four (4) chains southeast of the most easterly house in "Quatsino" Indian village, Quatsino Narrows, and running north ten (10) chains; thence east two (2) chains; thence south to the sea shore, and thence in a westerly direction to the place of commencement. Containing two (2) acres, more or less. sep10-2m

REAL ESTATE.

F. G. RICHARDS, JR.,

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.

Agent for Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Company. Maps and Plans Prepared. Money to Loan. Mining and Timber Lands for Sale. Surveys Taken. Farming Lands, Residence and Business Properties for Sale.

51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

P. O. Box, No. 147. Telephone, No. 176.

SIXTY LOTS,

A FEW HOUSES.

TEN FARMS AND TWO RANCHES FOR SALE.

LEET, SIMON & CO.

oct11-2w

LAND FOR SALE.

CHOICE-:-BUILDING-:-AND-:-GARDEN-:-LAND

IN LOTS ON VIEWFIELD AND CONSTANCE FARMS,

Fronting on the ESQUIMALT and CRAIGFLOWER Roads, and to the rear of these roads.

This property lies between Victoria and Esquimalt, being brought close to Victoria by the New Bridge across the Harbor. A most healthy and desirable situation for residences, commands magnificent Views of the Olympian Mountain Range and other fine scenery. There is an abundant supply of excellent water.

For particulars apply to H. F. HEISTERMAN & Co., Burnes' Block, 3 Bastion Square.
B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, Ld., 49 Government Street.
FOWKES BLOCK, HARRIS & CO., Government Street.
Or to ALEXANDER MUNRO, Hudson's Bay Co. my15 Real Estate Agents.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LENZ & LEISER

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

VICTORIA.

Sole Agents for Westminster Woollen Mills.

aug5

WATERPROOFS AND UMBRELLAS

OPENED THIS DAY AT

THE "WESTSIDE."

Ladies' and Misses Waterproofs in the new Russian and Princess shapes.
Full Assortment of Ladies' Fancy Check Electric Proof. OUR SPECIALTY price last year $2.90, this year $1.90.
New Stripe Fancy Tweed Waterproofs in Imperial Russian and Princess shapes.
New Prussian Silk Stripe, in Grey and Fawn and Black and White stripes; Russian and other shapes.
Girls Waterproofs, 28 to 48 inches. Strong and durable texture Tweeds, in Princess and Russian makes. Wonderful value.

UMBRELLAS.

Ten dozen 28 inch Brown Satin de Chenie and Twill Silk, with choice novelties in Plain and Mounted Handles. Price from $1.75 to $3.50 each. As this lot was bought at about half price they will be sold very cheap.

THE "WESTSIDE."

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

aug30

INSURANCE.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ANNUAL REPORT, 1889.

The sixty-thirdd Annual General Meeting of the Company was held at Edinburgh on Tuesday, the 23rd April 1889, T. GRAHAM MURRAY, Esq., L.L.D., W.S., in the Chair.

AMOUNT PROPOSED FOR ASSURANCE during the year 1888 (3379 Proposals)	$9,125,554.00
AMOUNT OF ASSURANCES ACCEPTED during the year 1888 (for which 2972 Policies were issued)	$7,282,205.07
ANNUAL PREMIUMS on new Policies during the year 1888	$281,964 93
CLAIMS UNDER POLICIES during the year 1888, inclusive of Bonus Additions	$2,867,352.40
AMOUNT OF POLICIES ISSUED during the last five years	$21,313,145.00
SUBSISTING ASSURANCES at 15th November 1888 (of which $6,852,000.00 is Re-assured with other offices	$101,239,149.14
ACCUMULATED FUNDS,	$34,019,523 27
ANNUAL REVENUE,	$4,345,703.13

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager. THOMAS KERR, Inspector.

ROBERT WARD & CO., AGENTS.

sep26

FINANCIAL.

Gareshe, Green & Co.

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency

Purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers

San Francisco, New York and Canada.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON,

Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Land and Investment

AGENCY.

(Limited.)

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY B. MASON,
CUTHLBERT A. HOLLAND. } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:

18 Bersgarte's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENG.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

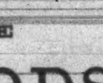
At Low Rates.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

jel1 d&w

JEWELERS.



It will be about

OCTOBER 12th

Before we can open out as one of us had to go East to buy stock.

We will open with

A FINE LINE

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

DAVIDSON BROS.

oct4

MEDICAL.

FISH'S

Compound Extract Sarsaparilla and Oregon Grape.

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER KNOWN. A compound of only from herbs.] Thomas Fish, duly licensed druggist, manufacturing Chemist and Herbalist, 99 Blanchard street, Victoria, B. C. Prescriptions compounded. s sat-3m

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

British Bark CAMELOT

FROM HONG KONG

THIS VESSEL WILL COMMENCE TO discharge her cargo alongside Hall, Goepel & Co.'s wharf on Tuesday, the 3rd Sept., at 1 p.m. Consignees are requested to call at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and take delivery of their goods. Any goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. of each day may be removed and stored at the expense of the owners.

TAI SOONG & CO.,
Consignees.
aug3-tf

REQUISITION

To THOMAS EARLE, Esq.

DEAR SIR:

As E. CROW BAKER, Esq., M. P., has resigned his seat in the Dominion House of Commons, we, the undersigned electors of Victoria City and District, beg you to allow yourself to be placed in nomination as a candidate for the vacant seat.

We do this because we feel that at the present time it is imperative that Victoria should have the best men that can possibly be got to look after her interests; and as your business capacity, your large interests here, and your general fitness for the position, are so well known to us, we hereby pledge you our hearty support if an election is necessary.

J B Helmcken,	A J McLellan,
E G Prior,	G Byrnes,
J H Todd,	D R Harris,
C F Todd,	R B McMicking,
J H Turner,	Geo Crowther,
Chas S Pooley,	Sam H Goodwin,
J Bradan,	Chas Braund,
R P Rithet,	Alex McDonald,
E B Marvin,	E E Kaye,
Thos B Hall,	E E Olson,
Fred Norris,	J L Lerry,
Wm McKay,	Robt McIntosh,
G Perry Mills,	John Wenger,
Chas Hayward,	D Campbell,
N Pointer,	L Grahame,
S L Kelly,	C H Mallette,
Gronow G Gwynn,	Geo Jarvis,
Frank C Wolfenden,	Jesse Walker,
Theodore Davie,	Robt H Swinerton,
E W Spencer,	T Jones,
Jas T Fraser,	Edw Baudains,
Samuel Reid,	Thos Storey,
H Williams,	James Hasten,
Chas A Vernon,	Charles Pegden,
Robt E Jackson,	C Minekler,
A Carmichael,	C G Wylly,
Henry Gribbles,	Geo Morrison,
M Elvin,	R W Fawcett,
R Macnair,	T D Warren,
James Eckersly,	W J Anderson,
Chas Marston,	E Roskamp,
S Garnett,	D Banfield,
Henry Lawson,	J Christensen,
J Hutcheson,	John S Fullerton,
W R Higgins,	A J Smith,
F S Macnicn,	W B Matthews,
W H Bonlidge,	D Driscoll,
Thos W Fletcher,	A R Langley,
T Howdy,	Joseph Sanners,
G A Coolper,	Wm Christie,
J N Harrison,	T H Pamphlet,
G C Sauey,	T Carson,
F Carne, sen'r,	F Jessop,
Thos Fiewin,	J G Blackett,
S J Pitcmore,	C P Bloomfield,
C B McCuskey,	Jas L Raymur,
M Stronse,	Peter Steele,
W Cheetham,	James Johnstone,
John McDowell,	W D McKillican,
Victor James,	Wm Scott,
R H Hiscocks,	Frank Yorke,
Donald MacKay,	J A Henderson,
Phil J Hall,	W V Bowers,
Geo Cleaves,	Edward Able,
John Jamieson,	Geo A Sargison,
Wm Buckett,	H P McLennan,
L G McQuade,	E A McQuade,
Chas Hearn,	Simon Leiser, jr CG
Willis Bond,	Thos Gorrie,
W C Winsby,	W G Robinson,
Jim Bridgess,	R D Halmoken,
A J Smith,	J J Wilson,
John Partridge,	F E Westbourne,
J Haughton,	R W Wescott,
T L Irving,	Thos Catterall,
T W Pierce,	Joseph Sears,
C N Gowen,	C H Lumb'in,
W Savory,	George Scully,
Wm Cawberg,	W J Mable,
John Jones,	F Burgunis,
G L Simpson,	Wm Jackson, jr,
D Dishart,	N Portman,
David C Heal,	Geo Connor,
C T Pemwill,	W T Williams,
H Richardson,	M Bantly,
S Coonan,	Wm Lang,
James D Robinson,	John Switzer,
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REPLY.

GENTLEMEN:—I thank you most heartily for your very numerously signed requisition asking me to allow myself to be placed in nomination as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons, and also for your request to me to go to Ottawa so as to my fitness for the position.

I have much pleasure in acceding to your request, and can assure you that if elected I will do my utmost in the interest of this constituency and PUBLIC GOOD, according to the powers administration, a generous but independent support.

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